



### FEATURES

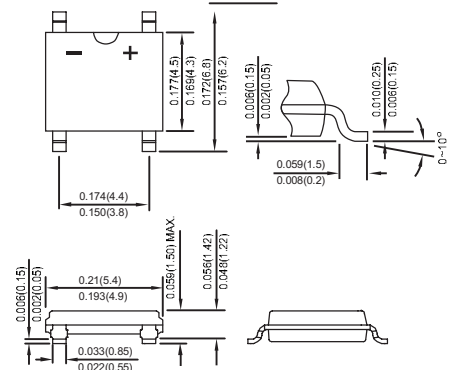
- ✧ Glass passivated junction
- ✧ Ideal for printed circuit board
- ✧ Reliable low cost construction utilizing molded plastic technique
- ✧ High temperature soldering guaranteed:  
260°C / 10 seconds / 0.375" ( 9.5mm )  
lead length at 5 lbs., ( 2.3 kg ) tension
- ✧ Small size, simple installation  
Pure tin plated terminal , Lead free. Leads  
solderable per MIL-STD-202, Method 208
- ✧ High surge current capability



### VOLTAGE RANGE

50 to 1000 Volts

#### ABS



Dimensions in inches and(millimeters)

### MECHANICAL DATA

- ✧ Case: Molded plastic body
- ✧ Mounting position : as Marking
- ✧ Weight: 0.12 grams

### MAXIMUM RATINGS AND ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

CHARACTERISTICS	SYMBOL	RABS05	RABS1	RABS2	RABS4	RABS6	RABS8	RABS10	UNITS
Maximum Recurrent Peak Reverse Voltage	$V_{RRM}$	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum RMS Voltage	$V_{RMS}$	35	70	140	280	420	560	700	V
Maximum DC Blocking Voltage	$V_{DC}$	50	100	200	400	600	800	1000	V
Maximum Average Forward Rectified Current (Note 1) @ $T_A=40^\circ C$	$I_{(AV)}$	1.0							A
Peak Forward Surge Current 8.3ms Single Half Sine-Wave Super Imposed on Rated Load(JEDEC Method)	$I_{FSM}$	30							A
Peak Forward Voltage at 1.0A DC	$V_F$	1.28							V
Maximum DC Reverse Current @ $T_J=25^\circ C$ at Rated DC Blocking Voltage @ $T_J=125^\circ C$	$I_R$	5.0 500							$\mu A$
Maximum Reverse Recovery Time (Note 1)		150			250	500		nS	
Typical Thermal Resistance (Note2)	$R_{\theta JA}$	80							$^\circ C/W$
Operating Temperature Range	$T_J$	-55 to +150							$^\circ C$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-55 to +150							$^\circ C$

NOTES:1.Mounted on P.C. board.

2.Thermal resistance junction to ambient.

3.The typical data above is for reference only(典型值仅供参考).



# RABS05 thru RABS10

## 1.0AMP Fast Recovery Bridge Rectifiers



### RATING AND CHARACTERISTIC CURVES

FIG.1-FORWARD CURRENT DERATING CURVE

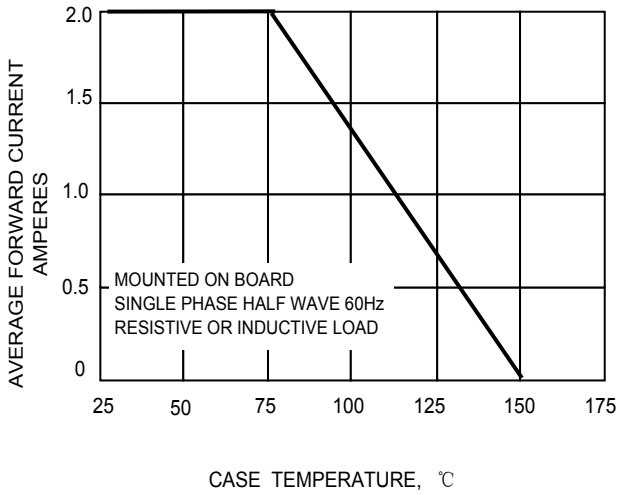


FIG. 2 – MAXIMUM NON-REPETITIVE SURGE CURRENT

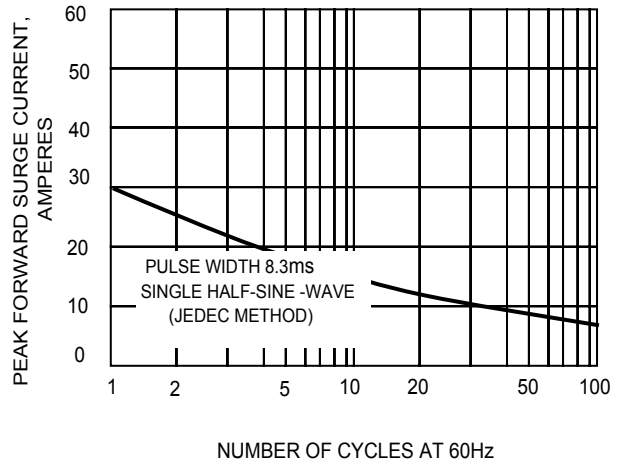


FIG.3-TYPICAL REVERSE CHARACTERISTICS

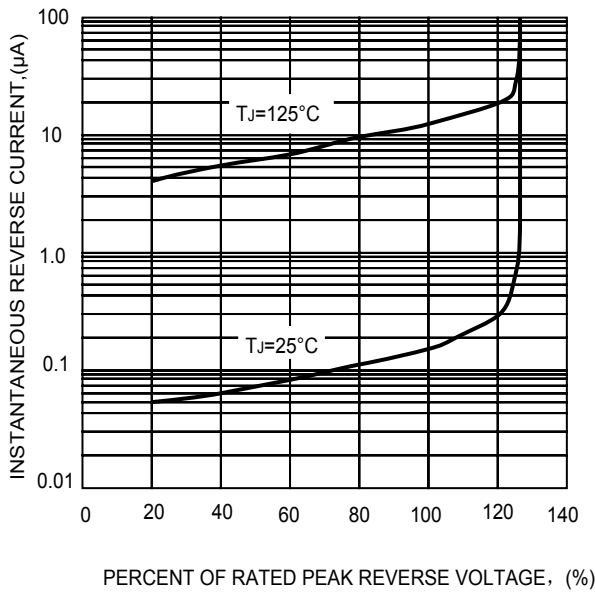


FIG.4-TYPICAL FORWARD CHARACTERISTICS

